

DeepChek[®] Assay

GP41 / GP120 Genotyping and Drug Resistance



User Guide

194A24

194A96

Version 1 – Revision 0

For Research Use Only (RUO). Not for use in diagnostic procedures. No claim or representation is intended to provide information for the diagnosis, prevention, or treatment of disease.

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Application

The *DeepChek® Assay GP41/GP120 Genotyping and Drug Resistance* is intended to be used for amplifying the GP41/GP120

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The *DeepChek® Assay GP41/GP120 Genotyping and Drug Resistance (RUO)* is a reverse transcriptase (RT) and polymerase chain reaction (PCR) test (nucleic acid technique (NAT)) intended to screen the HIV-1 GP41/GP120 (capsid) region mutations.

The test is amplifying, in two steps, the GP41/GP120 region of the human immunodeficiency virus, type one (HIV-1) specimens, including regions which harbor mutations described as sufficient, when present, to determine level of resistance to anti-retroviral drugs.

The **DeepChek®** Assay GP41/GP120 Genotyping and Drug Resistance (RUO) is intended for use by trained clinical laboratory personnel specifically instructed and trained in the techniques of RT-PCR and next generation sequencing (NGS) workflow.

Principles of the assay

The **DeepChek®** Assay GP41/GP120 Genotyping and Drug Resistance (RUO) is a reverse transcription and polymerase chain reaction multiplex test which includes primers, reverse and forward, designed to amplify the GP41/GP120 region of HIV-1 RNA from extracted specimens.

During each round of thermal cycling, amplification products dissociate to single strands at high temperature allowing primer annealing and extension as the temperature is lowered. Exponential amplification of the product is achieved through repeated cycling between high and low temperatures, resulting in a billion-fold or greater amplification of target sequences.

The DeepChek® Assay GP41/GP120 Genotyping and Drug Resistance (RUO) is performed on a PCR instrument.

Subsequently, the amplicons can be used for next generation sequencing and analysed with a downstream analysis software to list in a report HIV-1 genome mutations according to available public reference knowledge databases.

Genotypic analysis of the GP41/GP120 region of HIV-1 facilitates the study of the relationship between mutations and viral resistance to anti-retroviral drugs, specifically the capsid inhibitors.



Assay components

The DeepChek® Assay GP41/GP120 Genotyping and Drug Resistance (RUO) V1 is provided in two models of 24 reactions (REF 194A24) and 96 reactions (REF 194A96).

Table 1: Volumes and storage conditions of the DeepChek[®] Assay GP41/GP120 Genotyping and Drug Resistance V1 (RUO)

Label	Volume for 24 rxn (nb tube x volume)	Volume for 96 rxn (nb tube x volume)	Color cap	Storage
RT-PCR Buffer 2X	1 x 200 μL	2 x 400 μL	Green	-25°C to - 15 °C
RP Solution	1 x 15 μL	1 x 35 μL	Brown	-25°C to - 15 °C
BP Solution	1 x 10 μL	1 x 20 μL	Orange	-25°C to - 15 °C
RT Enyzme	1 x 15 μL	1 x 35 μL	Clear	-25°C to - 15 °C
H ₂ O	1 x 500 μL	2 x 1000 μL	Blue	-25°C to - 15 °C
PCR Master Mix 2X	1 x 310 μL	2 x 620 μL	Green	-25°C to - 15 °C
DMSO	1 x 25 μL	1 x 100 μL	Pink	-25°C to - 15 °C
PCR GP41/GP120 (10 μM)	1 x 60 μL	1 x 230 μL	Yellow	-25°C to - 15 °C
Nested PCR Master Mix 2X	1 x 310 μL	2 x 620 μL	Green	-25°C to - 15 °C
Nested PCR GP41/GP120 (20 μM)	1 x 60 μL	1 x 230 μL	Red	-25°C to - 15 °C

RT-PCR Buffer 2X	RP Solution	BP Solution	Nested PCR Master Mix 2X	Nested GP41/GP120
RT Enzyme	H2O	PCR Master Mix 2X		
DMSO	PCR GP41/GP120			

Figure 1: Disposal of the assay components for the DeepChek[®] Assay GP41/GP120 Genotyping and Drug Resistance V1 (RUO) – <u>24</u> reactions

RT-PCR Buffer 2X	RT-PCR Buffer 2X	RP Solution	DMSO	PCR GP41/GP120
BP Solution	RT Enzyme	H2O	Nested PCR Master Mix 2X	Nested PCR Master Mix 2X
H2O	PCR Master Mix 2X	PCR Master Mix 2X		Nested GP41/GP120

Figure 2: Disposal of the assay components for the DeepChek[®] Assay GP41/GP120 Genotyping and Drug Resistance V1 (RUO) – <u>96</u> reactions



Reagent storage and handling

The **DeepChek®** Assay GP41/GP120 Genotyping and Drug Resistance (RUO) should be stored at – 25°C to – 15 °C and is stable until the expiration date stated on the label. Note the production date and expiration date listed on the label. Reagents from different lot numbers should not be mixed.

Note: Multiple thaw-freeze cycles should be avoided. Aliquoting should be considered.

Materials required but not provided

- Any validated instrument for RNA extraction and purification using magnetic-bead technology.
- PCR instrument e.g. ThermoFisher Scientific Proflex PCR System and associated specific material or any thermal cycler with enough ramp rate of ≥ 1°C/s.
- Benchtop centrifuge with rotor for 0.5 mL/1.5 mL reaction tubes (capable of attaining 10,000 rpm).
- Benchtop vortex mixer.
- Microliter pipets dedicated to PCR (0.1-2.5 μL; 1-10 or 1-20 μL; 20-200 μL; 1000 μL).
- Pipetting Robot (optional).
- Reagents for 0.8–2% agarose gel in 0.5x TBE electrophoresis buffer or equivalent capillary electrophoresis reagent, e.g. Agilent ScreenTape D1000 and Reagents D1000 for Agilent TapeStation 4150.
- Nuclease-free aerosol-resistant sterile PCR pipet tips with hydrophobic filters.
- Adjustable pipettes & fitting filtered pipette tips.
- Appropriate PPE & workspaces for working with potentially infectious samples.
- Surface decontaminants such as DNAZap (Life Technologies), DNA Away (Thermo Fisher Scientific), RNAse Away (Thermo Fisher Scientific), 10% bleach.
- Nuclease-free dH2O.
- 0.5 ml or 1.5 ml RNase- and DNase-free PCR tubes. Ice/Icebox or even cooling blocks.
 96 well plate cooler (optional).
- 96 well PCR plates.
- Plate thermo seals.
- Plate centrifuge.
- 0.2 mL thin walled 8 tube & domed cap.

<u>Note</u>: Ensure that instruments have been checked and calibrated according to the manufacturer's recommendations. Please refer to relevant manufacturer's Instructions for Use (IFU) to proceed with the instrument.

Warnings and precautions

- For Research Use Only (RUO). Not for use in diagnostic procedures. No claim or representation is intended to provide information for the diagnosis, prevention, or treatment of disease.
- This product has been tested only for the amplification of nucleic acid from HIV-1, not for any other viruses or pathogens.
- Handle all specimens as of infectious using safe laboratory procedures.
- Store assay reagents as indicated on their individual labels.
- Do not mix reagents from different kit lots.
- Reagents must be stored and handled as specified in these instructions for use. Do not use reagents past the expiration date.



- Work surfaces and pipettes should be cleaned and decontaminated with cleaning products such as 10% bleach, "DNAZap™" or "RNase AWAY®" to minimize risk of nucleic acid contamination. Residual bleach should be removed using 70% ethanol.
- Use personal protective equipment (PPE) consistent with current guidelines for the handling of potentially infectious specimens.
- Do not eat, drink, smoke, apply cosmetics or handle contact lenses in areas where reagents and human specimens are handled.
- Always use pipette tips with aerosol barriers. Tips that are used must be sterile and free from DNases and RNases.
- Dispose of waste in compliance with the local, state, and federal regulations.
- Frequent cleaning of the wells of the PCR instrument plate is recommended to prevent contamination.
- To avoid contamination, use separated and segregated working areas.
- Check whether the PCR reaction tubes are tightly closed before loading on the PCR instrument to prevent contamination of the instrument from leaking tubes.

RNA extraction

To achieve optimal and sensitive HIV RNA analysis for subsequent cDNA and amplicon generation, and downstream next generation sequencing, when using the **DeepChek® Assay GP41/GP120 Genotyping and Drug Resistance (RUO)**, it is recommended to work with at least an extraction of 1 mL of specimen (e.g., plasma, serum) to be eluted in 50 μ L.

For specimens with low viral load, we recommend:

- To perform an ultracentrifugation procedure. Pellet the virus for 1.5 hours at 40,000 g (or alternatively for 2 hours at 24,000 g), and at 4°C. Remove enough supernatant to leave the required amount of specimen for your preferred extraction kit.
 OR
- 2. To extract one or 2 mL of specimen and elute in the minimum volume required for your preferred extraction kit.



Workflow

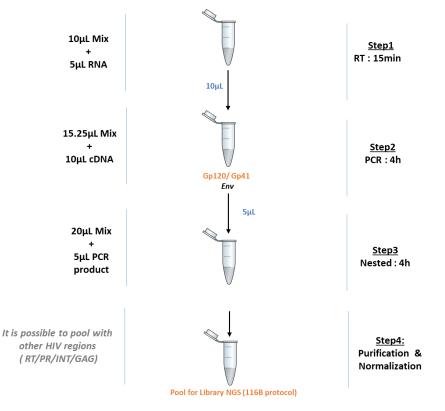


Figure 3: Workflow overview of the DeepChek® Assay GP41/GP120 Genotyping and Drug Resistance (RUO)

Step 1 - RT reaction

- 1. Thaw extracted template RNA and all assay components except the ones related to the Nester PCR and place them on ice. Load all the tubes into the centrifuge. Spin the specimens at 10,000 RPM for 10 seconds. And then pipette up and down the mix several times before the dispensing.
- 2. Prepare the RT master mix according to the following table. The RT master mix typically contains all the components required for the RT reaction except the template RNA. Prepare a volume of RT master mix greater (n+1) than that required for the total number of reactions to be performed.

Reagent	Volume for 1 Rn. (RT step)
RT-PCR Buffer 2X	7.50 μL
RP Solution	0.30 μL
BP Solution	0.15 μL
RT Enzyme	0.30 μL
H₂O	1.75 μL
Final Volume	10.00 μL

Table 1: Reagents for the RT reaction of the DeepChek® Assay GP41/GP120 Genotyping and Drug Resistance (RUO)

- 3. Vortex the master mix thoroughly and dispense 10.0μ L into each PCR tube. Mix by pipetting the RT master mix up and down a few times.
- 4. Add 5.0 μ L of RNA in PCR tube. Mix by pipetting the master mix up and down a few times.
- 5. Program the thermal cycler according to the program below.



Table 2: RT cycling program of the DeepChek® Assay GP41/GP120 Genotyping and Drug Resistance (RUO)

Cycle	Temperature (°C)	Time	
Activation	30	5 min	
RT	42	5 min	
Inactivation	95	15 sec	
	4	~	

6. Start the cycling program while PCR tubes are still on ice. <u>Wait until the thermal cycler has reached</u> <u>30°C. Then place the PCR tubes in the thermal cycler.</u>

<u>Note</u>: After amplification, specimens can be stored overnight at 2–10°C, or at -20°C for long-term storage.

Step 2 - PCR reaction

1. Prepare the PCR master mix according to the following table. The PCR master mix typically contains all the components required for PCR reaction except the template DNA. Prepare a volume of PCR master mix greater (n+1) than that required for the total number of reactions to be performed.

Table 3: Reagents for the PCR reaction of the DeepChek® Assay GP41/GP120 Genotyping and Drug Resistance (RUO)

Reagent	Volume for 1 Rn. (PCR step)	
PCR Master Mix 2X	12.50 μL	
DMSO	0.75 μL	
PCR FRAG 1 (10 μM)	2.00 μL	
Final Volume	15.25 μL	

- 2. Vortex the PCR master mix thoroughly and dispense 15.25 μ L into PCR tube. Mix by pipetting the PCR master mix up and down a few times.
- 3. Add 10.0 µL of cDNA in PCR tube. Mix by pipetting the master mix up and down a few times.
- 4. Program the thermal cycler according to the program below.

Table 4: PCR cycling program of the DeepChek® Assay GP41/GP120 Genotyping and Drug Resistance (RUO)

Cycle	Temperature (°C)	Time
Activation	94	30 sec
	94	15 sec
PCR – 35 cycles	58	30 sec
	68	4 min 30 sec
Final elongation	72	10 min
	10	∞

- 5. Start the cycling program while PCR tubes are still on ice. <u>Wait until the thermal cycler has reached</u> <u>94°C. Then place the PCR tubes in the thermal cycler.</u> <u>Δ Safe Stopping Point: After amplification, specimens can be stored overnight at 2–10°C, or at -20°C for long-term storage.</u>
- 6. [Recommended] RT-PCR product can be controlled through electrophoresis on an agarose gel. Check the intensity of the signal. Even if low-intensity bands usually lead to a successful sequencing, it is recommended to avoid the process if no band can be observed. In that case, first use the DeepChek[®] Nested PCR reagents.

Note: After amplification, specimens can be stored overnight at 2–10°C, or at -20°C for long-term storage.

Note: Expected amplicons size after the RT and PCR steps for the GP41/GP120 region is ~ 3550 bp.

Step 3 – Nested reaction

- 1. Thaw the RT-PCR product, Nested PCR primers and master mix and place them on ice. Load all the tubes into the centrifuge. Spin the specimens at 11,000 *g* for 10 seconds. And then aspirate and discharge the solution several times before the dispensing.
- 2. Prepare the Nested PCR master mix according to the table below. The Nested PCR master mix typically contains all the components required for Nested PCR except the template DNA. Prepare a volume of master mix greater (n+1) than that required for the total number of reactions to be performed. If the RT-PCR product were frozen, please thaw and place them on ice.

Table 5: Reagents for the Nested reaction of the DeepChek® Assay GP41/GP120 Genotyping and Drug Resistance (RUO)

Reagent	Volume for 1 Rn. (Nested PCR step)	
Nested PCR Master Mix 2X	12.5 μL	
H ₂ O	5.5 μL	
Nested PCR FRAG 1 (20 µM)	2.0 μL	
Final Volume	20.0 μL	

- 3. Vortex the Nested PCR master mix thoroughly and dispense 20.0 µL into PCR tube. Mix by pipetting the Nested PCR master mix up and down a few times.
- 4. Add 5.0 μL of DNA in PCR tube. Mix by pipetting the master mix up and down a few times. Program the thermal cycler according to the program below.

Table 6: Nested cycling program of the DeepChek[®] Assay GP41/GP120 Genotyping and Drug Resistance (RUO)

Cycle	Temperature (°C)	Time
Activation	94	30 sec
	94	15 sec
Nester PCR- 35 cycles	58	30 sec
	68	4 min 30 sec
Final elongation	72	10 min
	10	~

5. Start the cycling program while PCR tubes are still on ice. <u>Wait until the thermal cycler has reached</u> <u>94°C. Then place the PCR tubes in the thermal cycler.</u>

Note: After amplification, specimens can be stored overnight at 2–10°C, or at -20°C for long-term storage.

Note: Expected amplicons size after the Nested step for the GP41/GP120 region is ~ 3550 bp.

RT-PCR troubleshooting guide

- 1. Check the concentration, storage conditions and quality of the starting template. For optimal results use fresh/frozen specimen and proceed with a fresh RNA extraction.
- 2. For specimens with low viral load, we recommend performing an ultracentrifugation procedure. Pellet the specimen for 1.5 hours at 40,000 g and at 4°C. Remove enough supernatant to leave the required amount of specimen for your preferred extraction kit.

Post PCR product purification

Before sequencing, first make sure your PCR products have been purified.



Next Generation Sequencing

After the amplicon verification, the specimens are ready for the NGS kit processing, with Illumina:

- 116B24 / 116B48 / 116B96 | ABL DeepChek[®] NGS LIBRARY PREPARATION V2 (24/48/96 reactions).
- 124B24 / 124B48 / 124B96 | ABL DeepChek[®] Adapters V2 (24 / 48 / 96).
- MS-103-1003 | MiSeq Reagent Nano Kit, v2 (500 cycles) or
- FC-420-1003 | Mid Output kit Reagents (2x150) or
- 20021533 | iSeq 100 i1 Reagent (2x150) or
- 20024908 | NextSeq 500/550 High Output Kit v2.5 (300 Cycles).

User shall then follow the Denature and Dilute Libraries Guide and instructions for use from the manufacturer.

Through Ion Torrent: **4471269** | Ion Xpress[™] Plus Fragment Library Kit, **4471250** | Ion Xpress[™] Barcode Adapters 1-16 Kit and **4484355** | Ion 318[™] Chip Kit v2. User shall then follow the instructions for use from the manufacturer.

NGS data analysis

NGS files containing nucleotide sequences for the five (5) fragments are analyzed by a downstream analysis software (e.g., the ABL **DeepChek® Software** (#S-12-023)). Users shall then follow the software user guide.

Product quality control

In accordance with ABL's Quality Management System, each lot of the assay is tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality. Certificates of Analysis are available upon request.

Symbols

Σ <n></n>	Contains reagents enough for <n> reactions</n>	i	Consult instructions for use
\triangle	Caution		Temperature limitation
REF	Catalog number	SN	Serial Number
	Use by	Rn	R is for revision of the Instructions for Use (IFU) and n is the revision number
	Manufacturer		Country and date of manufacturing
	Distributor		



Contact Information

For technical assistance and more information, please see our Technical Support Center at Online: <u>support-diag@ablsa.com</u>; Email: <u>support-diag@ablsa.com</u>; Call +339 7017 0300 Or contact your ABL Field-Application Specialist or your local distributor. For up-to-date licensing information or product-specific disclaimers, see the respective ABL Assay User Guide. ABL User Guides are available at **www.ablsa.com/ifu** or can be requested from ABL Technical Services or your local distributor.

Manufacturer and distributors



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